Dividing 1 and 2 digits by a hundred



a) Draw counters to show 8 on the place value chart.

Ones	Tenths	Hundredths		
00000000				

b) Complete the division.

c) Draw counters to show your answer on the place value chart.

Ones	Tenths	Hundredths	
		0000000	

What do you notice?



Tens	Ones	Tenths	Hundredths
0000000			

b) Complete the division.

c) Draw counters to show your answer on the place value chart.

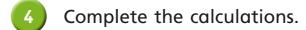
Tens	Ones	Tenths	Hundredths
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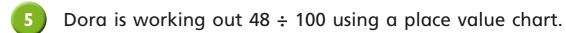
What do you notice?



3 Complete the sentence.

To divide by 100 you move the counters 2 places to the _____





Tens	Ones	Tenths	Hundredths



To divide by 100 you move two places to the right, so 48 ÷ 100 is 40.08

Tens	Ones	Tenths	Hundredths

a) Explain the mistake that Dora has made.

She happit moved all of the counters

b) Complete the division.



10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9
0.01	0.02	0.03	0.04	0.05	0.06	0.07	0.08	0.09

a) Explain how you would work out 37 ÷ 100 using this chart.

Move the counters down 2

Compare answers with a partner.

b) Use the Gattegno chart to complete the division.

c) Use the Gattegno chart to complete the division.

7 Complete the calculations.

h)
$$0.3 = 30 \div | 100$$



8 Complete the calculations.

a)
$$36 \div 10 = \boxed{3.6}$$

What do you notice?



Dividing by 100 is always the same as dividing by 10 twice.



Do you agree with Amir? <u>\underset</u>

Explain your answer.



Divide your numbers by 100. Record your answer. Roll again.

Here is an example.



 $36 \div 100 \text{ and } 63 \div 100$

What is the greatest possible answer you can get?

0.66

What is the smallest possible answer?

0.11

Compare answers with a partner.



